ARRIVAL OF THE BALTIC.

TERRIBLE BATTLES IN THE CRIMEA

REPORTED FALL OF SEBASTOPOL.

THE CITY IN FLAMES. TEN SHIPS OF WAR SUNK.

Eighteen Thousand Russians Dead.

TWENTY-TWO THOUSAND RUSSIANS PRISONERS,

ONE THOUSAND GUAS CAPTERED.

Memchikoft, with His Shatterd Remains, Refused to surrender.

MARKETS,

The Collins mail steamship Bal'te, Capit Comstock, arrived at half past six last evening. She laft Liverpool hundred and twenty two passengers. We notice among the names that of Prioce John Van Buren.

The news she brings is of the nighest importance The expected great battles in the Orimes had taken fallen, and was in fismes! Fee samps of war had been sunk! high een thousand Russians and test thousand French and English are reported to have been slain! Twenty-two thousand Sussians had been taken prison-

ily confirmed by the next steamer. A letter from St Petersburg of Sep ember 21, (before a battle.) in the Cologne Gazette, says.—

The news of the landing of the troops has produced here the most marked impressions. The students of this interprise is firmly believed in sotrethestanding the asurances to the contrary spread arroad by the government. The poides have undersors all arrests in different plants, particularly the samples of decrease. Improduced prealers have been taken to the for reas Petropa visuality, because they expressed their resis, that the inading had also place. The consecration is general, and the dissipation is still greater and more universal.

The Austrian ambassador at Paris called on M. Drave

L'Huys to express the sati-faction of his government comes of the allied armies.

The Paris correspondent of the Independence Beige un-or date reptember 28, says :-- "There is an on dif here soting a joint note sent by Praces and England to

III be detained for repairs for five or six weeks.
Advices from Cattaco of the 28d ult state that one
command Turks had entered the districts of Berda and

thousand Turks had entered the districts of Berda and Biologacijewich on the 19th, to chastice depredators. The Economyrius repulsed them with a triding loss Priace Danile discountemances these conflicts.

The Madrid papers and interes are all silent respecting the reported purchase of Cuba. Maria Christian has published a long letter in the Messager de Bayenne, ad-dressed to Queen Isabella, ner daughter. It is a sort of

gust last, banishing her from Spain, and a refutation the many charges brought against her. The publica

oundation.

The London morning papers publish leaders cougraulatory upon the conclusion of the reciprocity treaty.

The Emperor of Euseis has published a utaco which
prohibits the exportation into austria of rye, barley, or

## TLE WAR IN THE CRIMEA.

The Battles of Alma and Katcha -The Cap-Tall of Schastopel—The City in Flames— Ten Russian Ships of War Snuk—Frer Twenty-five Thousand Human Boings Des-

OUR SPECIAL LONDON DESPATOR.

London, Tuesday, Oct. 2, 1854.
Saturday's steamer for the United States must still
tave been in sight of England when the long desired,
anxiously expected news of the first battle in the Crimea
reached London. The intelligence was, a battle and a

sador at Constantinopie, to Lord Clarendon, Foreign Secretary. It was dated Constantinopie, Sept. 23d, and for exceed by her Majesty's Consul-General at Belgrade, under date of Sept. 30th, 7 A. M. It was as follows:—

ordered the publication of a "gazet e extraordinary," copies of which were sent to the clubs, &c. In the vari-ous theatres on Saturday night—the managers came for-TEN THOUSAND PRENCH AND ENGLISH KICLED. played and received with enthusiastic cheering, as was

accitional intelligence, however, created immense sen sation. It announced the "surrender of Sebastapol." It is true the Monitour publishes he arount via Bache res, brought by the Tartar, of the tremendous slaughter and capture of ebastopol, but no despatch has yet come to hand either from Regian or St. Arnaud. A con-

It is stated, on the authority of the German Journal, of Frankfort, that the English cabinet has brought forward an overture to revice the sprotoci of Leadon, reletive to the Danish succession, and that this new element will form an important part in 'curre negritations for peace.

A telegraphic despatch has been received from Copenhages, dated the 2d mat. This was the day the people of Denmark had fixed upon for a rising, as the day for the opening of Parliament. As yet we do not hear of a rising, though the despatch as an ominous one:—

COPENBAGEN, Monday, Oct. 2, 1854.

The new Manish Parliament has just been opened, amidst a large concourse of specialous. The speech from the throne was read by Octet. The speech from the throne was read by Octet.

It breakes delance against the Denish Parliament and people.

A tew harrahs, mingle i with hisses for the King an constitution, were followed by enthusiasitic cheers for the constitution, were followed by enthusiasitic cheers for the demand for cotton was good, and the prices hat advanced 1/2.

Breadstoffs were unchanged, with a moderate business closed at 95% a 95%.

A despatch from Vienna, dated this morning. (\*on-the vienna of the Manish Parliament of the Danish kingdom.

Provisions were generally unchanged, with a moderate business closed at 95% a 95%.

CAMP AT HONVAULT, BOULDENS SUR MER, SATURDAY—Two C'elock.

I have only just time to send you the following important intelligence, viz. that the Emperor, walls on the field, received a despatch, after reading which, he turned round to his generals and the trope, and said, "Schautopol est prail"

The news was received with immense obsering.

VIENNA, Sanday, Oct 1.
The Fuszian loss at the bette of the Alma, on the 6th September, is estimated at 6,000 killed and wound.

BUOMARET. Sept. 28, 1864
The Russians have been totally defected on the river
Karcha, after several hours' sanguleary conflict.
They were pursued to the trenches be fore Sebastopol, now become untenable.
The alises took all the forts on the right bank of Se-

The allies took all the forts on the right bank of Se-hastoyol harbor.

The surrender of Sebastopol is reported.

Despatches of one day's later date than the above give additional details; but the details vary, moreover, though the despatches came from various quarters they can all be traced to the same source, viz: the Tartar who brought the news to Bucharest. The French Ambassanit government; the fursial Embasy at training and telegraphed it to the Turkish Ambases for at London, but neither the English nor French government has received the information from their own agents. None of the London papers have received the news from their own reliable correspondents direct.

Here are the telegraphic despatches:—

The news of the victory on the heights of time was precisioned by the Lord Mayor to the good eltimas of Lordon smidst the blowing of trumpets. The bells of all the churches in England have be n ringing merry peals of victory. On Sanday the elergymen amounced it from the pulpit to their congregations. During the service at St. Faul's the national southern was thundered forth by the magnificent organ and full cheir, the

whole orngregation standing.

The telegraphic wires will, I hope, bring you the official confirmation of the fall of the Russian strenghol:

governments of Austria and Prussia. We are auxious to hear what effect it will have upon the Emjeror

nd edition of the Times publishes a telegraphic despatch from Paris, stating that the Moniteur of this morning publishes the Bucharcet despatch, announcing

NEWSPAPER ACCOUNTS.

[From the London Times, of Oct. 2]
The great and glorious events which were confidently anticipated when last we addressed our respectations; and the day which had teen set apart by the crown and the nation for a sleam thank giving for the abundant satural gifus of Providence has caught from the distant theatre of war the first about of victory. Despatches of the 22d of Septemer were received ou saturday by the government from Her Majesty's ambiested or at Constanting by way of Belgrade, stating that the entraoched camp of the Russians containing \$0,000 men, evin a numerous strillery and cavalry, on the heights of the al-

denoral demanded uncorditional surrender. They had given him six hours' consecration, which were not expired when the courier left inhestoped.

Advices from Bucharet, of the 2 th u \* state that if feeded list from contaminople confirms the intelligence forwarded strong contaminople confirms the intelligence for the defence of a great cardition of the catalic vary, others are added. Fert Constantine was blown up The other ferts, with two hundred cannon, were turns to the all the fertified, it ill prepared for the defence of a great cardition for the catalic vary of the strong the intelligence of the test for the ferts. This rews is cully created the fertified with the inverted of the kind of the strong the received later advices confirming the intelligence of the compute surrence of Manach loff; but this is next all the formation of the confirming the intelligence of the compute surrence of Manach loff; but this is next all the fertified with the inverted strong the surrender of Manach loff; but this is next all the fertified with the inverted strong the surrender of Manach loff; but this is next all the fertified with the surrender of Manach loff; but this is next all the surrender of Manach loff; but this is next all the fertified with the surrender of Manach loff; but this is next all the fertified with the surrender of Manach loff; but this is next all the surrender of Manach loff; but this is next all the fertified with the surrender of the main to the free hold and surrender with a surrender of the main to the free hold and surrender with a surrender of the main to the free hold surrender with a surrender of the main to the free hold surrender with a surrender of t

THE CRIMEA.

[From the Liverpoot limes, October 4—0 a. M.]

VIENA, Tuesday, Oct S, 1854.

Several private despatches received here to day or nirm the intelligence received from various quarters relative to the fall of rebeatopol. No official continuation, however, has reached us but an official decase on from the Petersburg dated the latinat, stating that advices from Prince Meachthoff of the 26th maks no mention of disastrous events, causes some anxiety here.

VIENNA, Tuesday, Oct. 3, 1854.

Prince Measchitoff's despatch to St. Petersburg is doubtiess dated the 20th, not the 26th, for his last despatch was sleven days en route.

The local paper publishes the following:—

Five hours after the bombardment Fort Constantine blew up. Ten thousand Russians were buried in tis ruins. Prince Measchit off is to bort alexander, where 18 000 Russians surrendered. The allied fiest simulaneously destroyed the outer harbor jorts and vanguard of the Russian fiest. Prince Memechikoff is reported to have unonditionally surrendered on the 36th.

A talegraphic despatch have recovered the attentions.

destroyed the outer harbor juris and canguard of the Russian fieet. Prince Memeshikoff is reported to have unconditionally surrendered on the 26th.

Really, Tuesday, Oct. 8, 1854.

A telegraphic despatch has been recedived here direct from St. Petersburg. It eaps that Prince Memeshikoff has telegraphee under date of Septemaer 28, that he has withdrawn his troops namedated from before Sensatopol towards Eaktachi serei. There he will await reinforcements from Kentsch and Perekop. He adds that rebustopol had not been attacked up to the 26th of epicemier.

The Charmiele, of this morning, after investigating the sources from which we derived the intelligence of the fall of Sensatopol, remarks that there were many details of the story which save ed rather too much of the melo-dramatic effect to be implicitly adopted, aci asks why the news sent to Uner Pacha should not have been slambamously sent to the knglish and French governments. Stift, adds the Chronice, there can be little doubt that by this time the desired success has crowned our efforts, and, at all events, it can only be postpored a few days leager. The retreat of Prince Memechical with his army would amount, in fact, to abandoning Sebasio, of its fate; and although very little is containly known of the capabilities of the place for defence, we are at least, source that the term fortress is very inaccurately applied to it, and that it could not offer a prolorged resistance to the arms of the allies. The hope of the Russian General would be, no dount, to receive reinforcements souldient to enable him to savar ce and relieve the town; but when we consider that 20,000 and colitional troops, including a strong force of cavalry, must alreacy have joined the allied commanders, we may feel estimine that they will give an excellent account of whatever hostile army may be brought to interrupt their operations.

An extraordinary Gazette will be published so soon as the name of those who have fallen in action, or have been received and orphane of roldiers, sallors and

THE WAR ELSEWHERE.

terprise than a fruitess sacrifice of life at sevel

Biarkets.

London Money Market, Oct 3, 1 o'Clook P. M.—The Concol Market continues generally stealy; prices remaining unaliered from the close of transactions yesterday. Busicess had not yet become particularly active, not with trading anney is much relieved, through the great events in connection with the Russian war naving been completed. Numerous engagements, however, have to be sottled to morrow, and as the bills are reported to be heavy, an extensive rempition of operations can hardly be expected at prisont for money, Consols are quoted at 95% to 3%, account 95% to 3; Exchequer Hills 5s to 8s. pm; india bords, 7s. to les, prem. The foreign market has enhibited no material alteration and speculation is generally inactive. Turkish serje is firm at 3½ a 3% premexity. Russian bonds are like wire steady, the late quotations being supported. The prices of other stocks are mostly rominal as the apathy that has characterized this department for some time continues to prevail to a considerable extent. The rails any market or hibits firmness, and in a few instances prices present an improved appearance, although no general rise is established.

Half-past Two O'Clock — The want of confirmatory in telligence of the fall of sebastopol through some reliable source causes the markets to be very quiet. Cossols are 95% to % for money, and 95% a 95% for account. Turkish scrip 3% a 3% premium.

BROWN, SHIPLEY & CO.'S CIECULAR.

BROWN, SHIPLBY & CO.'S CIRCULAR. EROWN, SRIPLEY & CO.'S CIECULAR.

Laverpool, out 3, 1854.

Fince the date of the show circular there has been a more active business in cotton, with a partial advance of jid per lo., the sale-jfor the three days being 30,000 bates, in consequence of the less favorable accounts of the growing crop and the defeat of the Russians in the Crimes. The corn market is quiet, and the business similed at the quotations.

JAMES M'HENRY'S CIECULAR.

LEVERPOOL, Out 3, 1864.

Lard is dull; so is tallow, and more presses on the market. In rice, nothing has transpired. Brazerurys—There is only a quiet business in wheat and flour It clan corn selve, but scarce.

Corron—The less favorable reports of american crops received per Africa, coupled with the important news from the Orines, have advanced prices of the middling qualities nearly an %d per ID. The sales yesterday were 12 000 bales, nad to day 10 100 bales; 8 000 in the two days being speculation or export. There is rather more deing also in Manchester this week.

All that can prove of interest to your readers, the ciril war, is over. All the troops have returned to their quarters. There has been some bloodshod, but to no surpase. All is now tracquit.

He fixedlency General Santing, Marian departed this life, at his massion in le Victoria, about sen dues ago to was true of the chiefs of the revolutionary war, and the coldist general in Venezue's.

The lat-fraeddent, General loss Actorio Para, would have been now the only distinguished only flort of the companiess of Baltrar, but he has been struck off the camp list by the Monagas synasty and existed, his name is, however, dear to thousands in Venezuela, as a valuant coloid, partial and statement Although dees to Venezuela. he lique in the hearts of a great me jority of his country, where his valuant deeds will be on record as long as the stater, of the Originous are destined to these to the mea. The American Milister, Mr. Is nea, is busy with the construction of the which duties will be armount for a construction of the which duties will be a rmoun for a construction of the commencer than sungmost of symmetric first meantle. The government has sungmosted payment for hix months. We had a visit lately from the sloop of war althoughts.

be country concernity is health, the only bissing we an beast of BOLIVALL

NEWS BY TELEGRAPU.

SPERSOTELD, Mass., Oct. 16, 1854.
The Rev. Mark Trafton, a Methodiat minister, of West-field, has been nominated by the Know Nothloge as their candidate for Congress in the Berkehire district. SPLIT AMONGST THE ENOW NOTHINGS.

The Know Nothing order of this city and violaity hore decided to call a meeting of those of the erier who de-approve of the Uliman nomination, with a view to a new organization, which shall be independent of New

Mr. Wm M French, of this city, has been appointed to correspond with those Councils who may wish to job DEMOCRATIC NOMINATION FOR CONGRESS IN MASSA

Bosrow, Oct. 16, 1854. Hon. Charles R. Vickerey, of Taunton, has been ac

nated by the democrate of the Second district for Jen-gress. From Buston.
CHARGE OF JUDGE CURTIS TO THE GRAND JURYDEATH OF JARRED PERKINS.

Boston, Cet 16, 1854 notwiths anoing the precautionary laws passed by congress, not a single person guilty of negligence had been filibusiering expeditions, saying that since the days of Washington such expeditions had by law been declared

neull Hall for being accessory to the attack upon the Court House the death of Mr. Batcheider, and the at-

The Hon Jared Perkins, Representative rom the Chrehire district, New Hampehire, in the last Congress, died at his residence in Nashua on saturday last.

from tover. At Savannah on Thursday last there were

three deaths from the favor. At Unarieston on Friday

there were eight deaths, and at Augusta on the Bluess of Gov. Seymour's Mother.

place, was tarred and feathered, and ridden on a raff, at

blisworth, on aturday evening. He had been provi-Meeting of the Stockholders of the Battle

timore and Chio Railroad was held in this city to day. The sto kholders' opposition ticket was exceed by a large majority. They propose replacing Thomas Swann in the Presidency.

of the Gazette, who was in jell here for robbing the med way one of the bars, and letting himself down by the

Princes, on the Mississippi, a few days since, was an follows:—Mrs. Who and child; Miss Wilson; a little beg; andy Thompson, jr., the pilot, George Barritt, the first engineer; two awgro women, and fifteen hands and slaves belonging to the boat. The boat was entirely destroyed, with her cargo of 3,000 bales of cottom.

A STEAMBOAT SUNE. struct a snag near the latter city, on Thursday evening, and sunk to the boller dack. She had a large and value

PHILADELPHIA Out. 18, 1864

ship City of Philacelphia was breaking in twe.
THE JAMES ADGES AT CHARLESTON. CHARLE-TON, Oct. 14, 1864.
The United States mail steamship James Adger, Cap
S. C. Turner, arrived here at 8 o'clock this (Haturday

The steamship sprey left St. Jonn a on the 11th, with

The sace of the past well have teen 22,006 to day's operage was restricted to 1,000 sales is selfing at 36 a0, and corn at 70:. Lead has de la, per ib, barreled being quanchat lie itering exchange is at 9% per cost premium.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK BOARD.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK BOARD.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK BOARD.

Stocks were 6 m st our dust beard this recently, with sales as the following rates—bealing Rainond, 30%; rempsy whole failured, 43%, interest of Low island histrone, 14% Morris Cand, 12; reas yivania ctake from \$44 Morris Cand, 12; reas yivania ctake from \$45 Morris Cand, 12; reas yivania ctake from \$45 Morris Cand, 12; reas yivania ctake from \$45 Morris Cand, 14; reas were trade of Western burn, \$45 Morris Cand, 13; reas, at \$45 Morris Cand, 14; reas \$1,000 meaheds, at \$1,100 meaheds, at \$1,100